1 A proposal to amend 2 Section 16 of Article I of the State Constitution to 3 revise and establish additional rights of victims of 4 crime. 5 6 Be It Proposed by the Constitution Revision Commission of 7 Florida: 8 9 Section 16 of Article I of the State Constitution is amended to read: 10 11 ARTICLE I 12 DECLARATION OF RIGHTS 13 SECTION 16. Rights of accused and of victims.-(a) In all criminal prosecutions the accused shall, upon 14 15 demand, be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation, and shall be furnished a copy of the charges, and shall have the 16 17 right to have compulsory process for witnesses, to confront at 18 trial adverse witnesses, to be heard in person, by counsel or 19 both, and to have a speedy and public trial by impartial jury in 20 the county where the crime was committed. If the county is not known, the indictment or information may charge venue in two or 21 22 more counties conjunctively and proof that the crime was 23 committed in that area shall be sufficient; but before pleading the accused may elect in which of those counties the trial will 24 25 take place. Venue for prosecution of crimes committed beyond the 26 boundaries of the state shall be fixed by law. 27 (b) To preserve and protect the right of crime victims to achieve justice, ensure a meaningful role throughout the 28 29 criminal and juvenile justice systems for crime victims, and

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30	ensure that crime victims' rights and interests are respected					
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35	(1) The right to due process and to be treated with					
36	fairness and respect for the victim's dignity.					
37	(2) The right to be free from intimidation, harassment, and					
38	abuse.					
39	(3) The right, within the judicial process, to be					
40	reasonably protected from the accused and any person acting on					
41	behalf of the accused. However, nothing contained herein is					
42	2 <u>intended to create a special relationship between the crime</u>					
43	3 victim and any law enforcement agency or office absent a special					
44	relationship or duty as defined by Florida law.					
45	(4) The right to have the safety and welfare of the victim					
46	and the victim's family considered when setting bail, including					
47	7 setting pretrial release conditions that protect the safety and					
48	welfare of the victim and the victim's family.					
49	(5) The right to prevent the disclosure of information or					
50	records that could be used to locate or harass the victim or the					
51	victim's family, or which could disclose confidential or					
52	privileged information of the victim.					
53	(6) A victim shall have the following specific rights upon					
54	request:					
55	a. The right to reasonable, accurate, and timely notice of,					
56	and to be present at, all public proceedings involving the					
57	criminal conduct, including, but not limited to, trial, plea,					
58	sentencing, or adjudication, even if the victim will be a					

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59	witness at the proceeding, notwithstanding any rule to the					
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64	b. The right to be heard in any public proceeding involving					
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67	during which a right of the victim is implicated.					
68	c. The right to confer with the prosecuting attorney					
69	concerning any plea agreements, participation in pretrial					
70	diversion programs, release, restitution, sentencing, or any					
71	other disposition of the case.					
72	d. The right to provide information regarding the impact of					
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75	investigation or compiling any presentence investigation report,					
76	and to have any such information considered in any sentencing					
77	recommendations submitted to the court.					
78	e. The right to receive a copy of any presentence report,					
79	and any other report or record relevant to the exercise of a					
80	victim's right, except for such portions made confidential or					
81	exempt by law.					
82	f. The right to be informed of the conviction, sentence,					
83	adjudication, place and time of incarceration, or other					
84	disposition of the convicted offender, any scheduled release					
85	date of the offender, and the release of or the escape of the					
86	offender from custody.					
87	g. The right to be informed of all postconviction processes					

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88	and procedures, to participate in such processes and procedures,					
89	to provide information to the release authority to be considered					
90	before any release decision is made, and to be notified of any					
91	release decision regarding the offender. The parole or early					
92	release authority shall extend the right to be heard to any					
93	person harmed by the offender.					
94	h. The right to be informed of clemency and expungement					
95	procedures, to provide information to the governor, the court,					
96	any clemency board, and other authority in these procedures, and					
97	to have that information considered before a clemency or					
98	expungement decision is made; and to be notified of such					
99	decision in advance of any release of the offender.					
100	(7) The rights of the victim, as provided in subparagraph					
101	(6)a., subparagraph (6)b., or subparagraph (6)c., that apply to					
102	any first appearance proceeding are satisfied by a reasonable					
103	attempt by the appropriate agency to notify the victim and					
104	convey the victim's views to the court.					
105	(8) The right to the prompt return of the victim's property					
106	when no longer needed as evidence in the case.					
107	(9) The right to full and timely restitution in every case					
108	and from each convicted offender for all losses suffered, both					
109	directly and indirectly, by the victim as a result of the					
110	criminal conduct.					
111	(10) The right to proceedings free from unreasonable delay,					
112	and to a prompt and final conclusion of the case and any related					
113	postjudgment proceedings.					
114	a. The state attorney may file a good faith demand for a					
115	speedy trial and the trial court shall hold a calendar call,					
116	with notice, within fifteen days of the filing demand, to					

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117	schedule a trial to commence at a date at least five days but no					
118	more than sixty days after the date of the calendar call unless					
119	the trial judge enters an order with specific findings of fact					
120	justifying a trial date more than sixty days after the calendar					
121	<u>call.</u>					
122	b. All state-level appeals and collateral attacks on any					
123	judgment must be complete within two years from the date of					
124	appeal in non-capital cases and five years in capital cases,					
125	unless a court enters an order with specific findings as to why					
126	the court was unable to comply with this subparagraph and the					
127	circumstances causing the delay. Each year, the chief judge of					
128	any district court of appeal or the chief justice of the supreme					
129	court shall report on a case-by-case basis to the speaker of the					
130	house of representatives and the president of the senate all					
131	cases where the court entered an order regarding inability to					
132	comply with this subparagraph. The legislature may enact					
133	legislation to implement this subparagraph.					
134	(11) The right to be informed of these rights, and to be					
135	informed that victims can seek the advice of an attorney with					
136	respect to their rights. This information shall be made					
137	available to the general public and provided to all crime					
138	victims in the form of a card, or other means that is intended					
139	to effectively advise the victim of their rights under this					
140	section.					
141	(c) The victim, the retained attorney of the victim, a					
142	lawful representative of the victim, or the office of the state					
143	attorney upon request of the victim, may assert and seek					
144	enforcement of the rights enumerated in this section and any					
145	other right afforded to a victim by law in any trial or					
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146	appellate court, or before any other authority with jurisdiction					
147	over the case, as a matter of right. The court or other					
148	authority with jurisdiction shall act promptly on such a					
149	request, affording a remedy by due course of law for the					
150	violation of any right. The reasons for any decision regarding					
151	the disposition of a victim's right shall be clearly stated on					
152	the record.					
153	(d) The granting of these rights enumerated in this section					
154	to victims may not be construed to deny or impair any other					
155	rights possessed by victims. The provisions of this section					
156	apply throughout criminal and juvenile justice processes are					
157	self-executing and do not require implementing legislation. This					
158	section may not be construed to create any cause of action for					
159	9 damages against the state or a political subdivision of the					
160	state, or any officer, employee, or agent of the state or its					
161	political subdivisions.					
162	(e) As used in this section, a "victim" is a person who					
163	suffers direct or threatened physical, psychological, or					
164	financial harm as a result of the commission or attempted					
165	commission of a crime or delinquent act or against whom the					
166	crime or delinquent act is committed. The term "victim" includes					
167	the victim's lawful representative, the parent or guardian of a					
168	minor, or the next of kin of a homicide victim, except upon a					
169	showing that the interest of such individual would be in actual					
170	or potential conflict with the interests of the victim. The term					
171	"victim" does not include the accused. The terms "crime" and					
172	"criminal" include delinquent acts and conduct Victims of crime					
173	or their lawful representatives, including the next of kin of					
174	homicide victims, are entitled to the right to be informed, to					

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175	be present, and	to be heard whe	n relevant, at all	crucial stages
176	of criminal proc	eedings, to th e	extent that these	rights do not
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177 interfere with the constitutional rights of the accused.

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